

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Becur
EndWarts®



Corrosive

EndWarts is a wart-removing solution which can be used for the treatment of warts and verrucas. Do not apply to facial warts, genital warts, corns, molluscum, hard skin or other skin defects. For external use only. Read the instructions carefully before use.

WHAT IS ENDWARTS

EndWarts is a wart-removing solution for both adults and children. It helps the body to dry out warts/verruucas so that they are rejected. EndWarts is long-lasting and very little is needed in order to be effective. The solution is absorbed directly into the wart/verruca. EndWarts leaves no trace on the skin and is not visible. You can, for example, put on socks or take a bath immediately after applying it.

EndWarts is a Swedish patented and CE marked Medical Device which is biodegradable. EndWarts kills bacteria and does not scar or cause infections. One bottle of EndWarts (5 ml) is sufficient for about 30 treatments for 1–5 warts/verruucas.

PRECAUTIONS

Only a minute amount of the solution is needed in order to be effective. Incorrect application or excessive dosage can cause pain and skin damage. If you use too much or accidentally spill EndWarts on your skin, the outer skin can shrivel and blisters may form. Any damage on the skin usually recovers within a couple of weeks.



Take particular care when treating children, diabetics or areas of thin skin; see Dosage and Application.

Do not file the warts/verruucas. The warts may become tender and they will form new hard surface. **Never use plasters. Use of plaster during treatment** may cause tenderness or skin damage.

EndWarts is **corrosive** with a strong smell. It may not be consumed or inhaled. If **spilled onto the skin**, rinse immediately with cold water. If it gets into **your eyes**, rinse generously with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

DOSAGE AND APPLICATION

Take great care when applying the solution. Do not hold the bottle in your hand while treating. Place the bottle on a sink or similar. Spillage could cause damage to either your skin or painted surfaces, textiles etc. Replace the protective screw cap correctly after use. Used cotton buds should be rinsed with water before being thrown away.

-  Dip the cotton bud in EndWarts, press carefully against the edge of the bottle. The cotton bud should be just damp.
-  Press lightly with the cotton bud against the wart/verruca 2–3 times. Be careful not to touch the surrounding skin.
- Treat **regularly** once a week until the wart/verruca has gone, otherwise the process stops. After 4–5 treatments you may, if everything looks good, treat every fifth day. This is particularly common in old and/or large warts/verruucas on adults. Do not exceed the dose.
- When treating warts on **thin skin**, less solution may sometimes be sufficient. Treat less frequently, such as every second or third week.
- When treating several warts/verruucas (more than five), start by treating a few to see how they react. If everything looks good after a couple of weeks' treatment, continue with the remaining warts. Several small warts/verruucas can be treated at the same time without dipping the cotton bud in EndWarts again (one dip is enough for 3–5 warts/verruucas, sometimes more – depending on their size). Start with the largest warts. Sometimes new warts that are present beneath the skin can emerge.
- After a few treatments black spots are usually seen in the wart/verruca. Those are tiny blood capillaries that grow into the core of the wart to supply it with blood. This is a sign that the wart/verruca is about to disappear and treatment should be continued until the black spots and the wart/verruca have entirely disappeared. Sometimes the black spots can bleed a little if you have scratched the wart. Wait a few minutes before applying EndWarts until the bleeding stops, otherwise it can sting a bit. If it stings, apply cold water to soothe the pain. The wart/verruca may also turn white and grow outwards initially, before it starts to dry out. When the wart/verruca expands, the surrounding skin may become tender.
- Keep the wart/verruca soft between treatments by using normal skin lotion or oil. The wart remnants can then come out more easily. If the wart/verruca feels tender, or if it throbs (applies primarily to verrucas), this can be because you have applied too much solution and/or the wart/verruca cannot emerge through the overlying skin. If the skin is covering the wart/verruca, then an opening needs to be made in the skin to release the wart. For cuticle warts you may have to punch a tiny hole in the outermost skin to enable the solution to reach through to the wart. If you have an old or hard wart/verruca, moisten it up by soaking the affected area in warm water for 20–30 minutes before treatment. Remove the skin on top of the verruca/wart, by using tweezers, for example. For thick skin on inward-growing warts/verruucas, remove the hard skin carefully.

TREATING CHILDREN

Parents should always apply the treatment to children. Follow the dosage and application carefully as the solution is corrosive. Small children have soft, thin skin. Use very little EndWarts on children's warts/verruucas. One dip in the solution is enough for several warts. The warts/verruucas usually disappear after 2–3 treatments.

Children **under the age of 4 years** can be treated with EndWarts but always ensure that it actually is a wart/verruca and not any other kind of skin defect. Consult your General Practitioner or Paediatrician before treating. For children under 4 years, it is particularly important to reduce the dose. Always wipe off excess solution onto a tissue before you stroke the wart/verruca lightly a couple of times.

- If the child sucks his or her fingers where the wart is located, the hands may be washed after treatment since EndWarts penetrates immediately.
- If it burns or stings when treating, rinse the wart/verruca with cold water and do not apply any more solution. It has already penetrated into the wart.

TREATMENT OF PEOPLE WITH DIABETES

Diabetics should only use EndWarts on healthy skin (undamaged and unaffected by diabetic disease) and with extra care. In the event of problems, always consult your doctor/nurse or foot care specialist.

HOW LONG SHOULD ENDWARTS BE USED FOR

EndWarts is very effective – most warts/verruucas disappear and do not return, but there are many different kinds of warts and the time required to remove them can therefore vary. Most commonly 5 to 15 treatments are required, but it may also be quicker or take longer. Factors which can affect how long you need to treat before the warts/verruucas disappear are your age, what kind of wart it is, your immune system, where the wart/verruca is located and how long you have had it. Reduced immune defence and medication, e.g. cortisone, are factors that can prolong the treatment period. New warts/verruucas are normally easier to remove than old ones. Children's warts/verruucas are usually easier to remove than those on adults; warts are often easier than verrucas. For inward-growing verrucas and cuticle warts that have been there for many years, it can take a long time before you notice the treatment having a definite effect and it takes significantly longer before the wart/verruca has completely disappeared.

WHEN SHOULD I STOP

Stop using EndWarts when there are no black spots visible or if the wart/verruca has fallen out, shrivelled or there is a "hole" where the wart/verruca was. The skin returns to normal afterwards. If you continue the treatment for too long after the wart/verruca has gone, the skin turns pink and a little watery. You then have to stop using EndWarts immediately. After a few weeks, check where the wart/verruca was; a small dot may indicate wart/verruca remnants. You then need to treat with EndWarts a couple more times.

PREGNANCY AND BREASTFEEDING

There are no known risks in pregnant and breastfeeding women.

POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

- In isolated cases, tenderness, pain, redness, wounding or stinging can occur. This is often due to excess dosage or plasters being used. If side effects occur, stop the treatment for a couple of weeks to allow the skin to rest.
- If you spill the solution on your skin or use too much, the outer skin may shrivel and a blister may form. Any effects on the skin usually recover within a couple of weeks.
- Occasionally it can sting upon application. If it feels unpleasant, apply cold water and the discomfort will stop.

DO NOT USE ENDWARTS

- If the wart/verruca being treated becomes tender, bleeds or the skin becomes irritated or gets sore. Never treat a tender wart/verruca applying more solution. Stop the treatment for a couple of weeks to allow the skin to rest.
- Do not combine EndWarts with other wart-removal treatments.

Storage: Keep out of the reach of children. Store at room temperature, out of direct sunlight.

Contents: Colourless formic acid solution (formic acid, water, glycerol, lemon oil).

Packaging: Glass bottle with childproof protective screw cap, directions and cotton buds for application.

Shelf life: Use by the date indicated on the bottle and outer box.



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INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE



Read the instructions carefully before use
For external use only
Keep out of the sight and reach of children

- 1. What EndWarts is and what it is used for
- 2. What you need to know before you use EndWarts
- 3. How to use EndWarts
- 4. Possible side effects
- 5. Storage and other information

Scan here to find out more about how to use EndWarts



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1. WHAT ENDWARTS IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

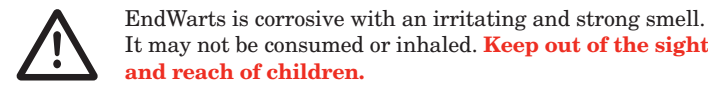
EndWarts is an effective wart/verruca-removing solution which can be used for the treatment of hand, foot and body warts/verrucae (i.e. elbow and knee), for both children and adults. EndWarts helps the body to dry out and reject warts/verrucae. EndWarts is absorbed directly into the wart/verruca and the solution leaves no trace on the skin. You can, for example, put on socks or take a bath immediately after applying it. EndWarts is a Swedish patented and CE marked Medical Device which is biodegradable. EndWarts kills bacteria and when used correctly, does not scar or cause infections. One bottle of EndWarts (5 ml) is sufficient for approx. 30 treatments for 1–5 warts/verrucae.

2. WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE YOU USE ENDWARTS

2.1 DO NOT USE ENDWARTS

- Do not apply to facial warts/verrucae, genital warts/verrucae, molluscum, birthmarks, corns, hard skin or other skin defects.
- Do not use if the wart/verruca being treated becomes tender, bleeds or the skin becomes irritated. Pause the treatment until the skin is recovered.
- **Do not combine EndWarts with other wart/verruca-removal treatments.**
- Do not use plasters with EndWarts. Use of a plaster during treatment may cause tenderness or skin damage, see 4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS.
- Do not use EndWarts if you are allergic to any of the ingredients.

2.2 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS



Do not over apply! Excessive incorrect application can cause pain and skin damage, see 4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS.

- If you use too much or accidentally spread or spill the solution on the surrounding skin, rinse immediately with plenty of cold water to reduce skin damage.
- If the solution gets into **your eyes**, rinse immediately and repeatedly with lukewarm water for a minimum of 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

Take particular care when treating areas of thin skin, for example on children and on top of the hand, see 3.1 DOSAGE AND APPLICATION.

3. HOW TO USE ENDWARTS

3.1 DOSAGE AND APPLICATION

Only a minute amount of the EndWarts solution is needed in order to be effective. Read the instructions below carefully, as the solution is corrosive. Always use the enclosed cotton buds for application. To avoid spill accidents, take great care of the bottle when applying the solution. Do not hold the bottle in your hand while treating. Place the bottle on a sink or similar. Spillage could cause skin damage or damage on painted surfaces, textiles etc. Replace the protective screw cap correctly after use. Used cotton buds should be rinsed with water before being thrown away.

- 1. Dip the cotton bud in EndWarts, press carefully against the edge of the bottle. The cotton bud should be slightly moist.
- 2. Press lightly with the cotton bud against the wart/verruca 2-3 times. Be careful not to touch the surrounding skin.
- 3. For a successful result, treat **regularly** once a week until the wart/verruca disappears, otherwise the process stops. If treatment is irregular, the whole process takes longer.

Old and/or large warts/verrucae on adults may after 4–5 treatments be treated every fifth day, if the skin is not irritated. **Do not over apply.**

When treating warts/verrucae on **thin skin**, less solution may sometimes be sufficient. Wipe off excess solution onto a tissue before treatment. Treat less frequently, such as every second or third week.

When treating several warts/verrucae (more than five), start with a couple of weeks' treatment of a few warts/verrucae. If the skin is unaffected, continue with the remaining warts/verrucae. Several small warts/verrucae can be treated at the same time without dipping the cotton bud in EndWarts again (one dip is enough for 1–5 warts/verrucae, sometimes more – depending on their size). Start with the largest warts/verrucae.

Keep the wart/verruca soft between treatments by using normal skin lotion or oil. The wart/verruca remnants can then come out more easily.

The wart/verruca may also turn white and grow outwards initially, before it starts to dry out. When the wart/verruca expands, the surrounding skin may become tender. Take care that there is no overlying skin on the wart/verruca, see below.

If the wart/verruca feels tender, or if it throbs, this can be because you have applied too much solution, see 2.1 DO NOT USE ENDWARTS, or the wart/verruca cannot emerge through the overlying skin. If the skin is covering the wart/verruca, then an opening needs to be made in the skin, for example, by using a tweezers, to release the wart/verruca. If you have an old or hard wart/verruca, moisten it before treatment by soaking the affected area in warm water until the skin is soft. Scrape the skin on top of the wart/verruca, by using a tweezers. For thick skin on inward-growing verrucae remove the hard skin carefully. For cuticle warts/verrucae you may have to pierce a tiny hole in the outermost skin to enable the solution to reach through to the wart/verruca. Do not file the warts/verrucae. The warts/verrucae may become tender and they will form a new hard surface.

After a few treatments black spots are usually seen in the wart/verruca. These are tiny blood capillaries that supply the wart/verruca with blood. This is a sign that the wart/verruca is about to disappear and treatment should be continued until the black spots and the wart/verruca have entirely disappeared. Sometimes the black spots can bleed a little if you have scratched the wart/verruca. Wait a few minutes before applying EndWarts until the bleeding stops, otherwise it can sting a bit. If it stings, rinse with cold water immediately to soothe the pain.

3.2 TREATING CHILDREN

For children, adults should always apply the treatment. Follow 3.1 DOSAGE AND APPLICATION carefully as the solution is corrosive. Small children have soft, thin skin. Use very little EndWarts on children's warts/verrucae. One dip in the solution is enough for several warts/verrucae. The warts/verrucae usually disappear after 2–3 treatments.

Children under 4 years of age can be treated with EndWarts but always ensure that it actually is a wart/verruca and not any other kind of skin defect. Consult your General Practitioner or paediatrician before treating. For children under 4 years, it is particularly important to reduce the dose. Treat less frequently, such as every second or third week.

- Always wipe excess solution onto a tissue before you stroke the wart/verruca lightly a couple of times. Be careful not to touch the surrounding skin.
- If the child sucks his or her fingers where the wart/verruca is located, the hand can be washed after treatment. The solution has already penetrated the wart/verruca.
- If it burns or stings when treating, rinse the wart/verruca with cold water and do not apply any more solution. It has already penetrated into the wart/verruca.

3.3 TREATMENT OF PEOPLE WITH DIABETES

People with diabetes should only treat warts/verrucae with EndWarts on skin that is undamaged and unaffected by diabetic disease, and with extra care. In the event of problems, always consult your doctor/nurse or foot care specialist.

3.4 HOW LONG SHOULD ENDWARTS BE USED FOR

EndWarts is very effective – most warts/verrucae disappear and do not return. Sometimes warts/verrucae already present beneath the skin can emerge, when you start the treatment.

The warts/verrucae can look very different and the time required to remove them can therefore vary; commonly 5 to 15 treatments are required, but treatment duration may be shorter or longer. Factors that affect treatment of warts/verrucae include; age, type of wart/verruca, your immune system, location of wart/verruca and how long the wart/verruca has been present. Reduced immune defense and medication, e.g. cortisone, are factors that can prolong the treatment period. New warts/verrucae are normally easier to remove than older ones. Children's warts/verrucae are usually easier to remove than those on adults. For inward-growing verrucae and cuticle warts/verrucae, which have been present for many years, it may take a longer duration before you notice the treatment having an effect and it takes significantly longer for the wart/verruca to completely disappear.

3.5 WHEN SHOULD I STOP USING ENDWARTS

Stop using EndWarts when there are no black spots visible or if the wart/verruca has fallen out, shrivelled or there is a "hollow" where the wart/verruca was. The skin returns to normal afterwards. If you continue the treatment for too long after the wart/verruca has gone, the skin turns pink and a little watery. In such an event, STOP using EndWarts immediately. After a few weeks, check where the wart/verruca was; a small dot may indicate wart/verruca remnants. If that is the case, you will need to re-treat with EndWarts.

3.6 PREGNANCY AND BREASTFEEDING

There are no known risks in pregnant and/or breastfeeding women.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

EndWarts contains a strong acid that can cause skin damage with excessive dosage, incorrect application or spillage, see 2.1 DO NOT USE ENDWARTS. Follow the instructions in 3.1 DOSAGE AND APPLICATION to avoid skin damage.

Less serious, temporary side effects can occur, on the application site, for example tenderness, stinging, pain, redness, burning sensation or bleeding from blood capillaries. Pause the treatment until the skin is completely recovered.

Excessive dosage and incorrect application can result in more severe side effects such as blisters, wounds, dark pigmentation of skin, chemical burns, inflammation, tissue death (necrosis) or scarring. The damaged area should be kept clean to avoid infection. Stop the treatment and in the case of serious skin damage, contact a doctor.

EndWarts has a strong smell that can be irritating to respiratory organs and eyes. Do not smell the contents in the bottle. Side effects may include irritation in the respiratory system and/or throat. Side effects may also include runny nose, runny eyes or difficulty in breathing.

Isolated cases of allergic reaction such as redness, rash and itching have been reported.

5. STORAGE AND OTHER INFORMATION

Storage: **Keep out of the sight and reach of children.** Store at room temperature (15-25°C), out of direct sunlight.

Contents: Colourless to slightly yellow solution (formic acid, water, glycerol, lemon oil).

Packaging: Glass bottle with childproof protective screw cap, instructions for use and cotton buds for application.

Shelf life: See expiration date on bottle and the box.